

MOTION IN A PLANE

1. Show that the range of projection of a projectile for two angles of a projection α and β is same where $\alpha + \beta = 90^\circ$
2. A projectile is thrown at an angle of 60° with the horizontal. After how much time will its inclination with the horizontal be 45°
3. Two equal forces have their resultant equal to either. What is the inclination between them ?
4. Prove the following statement “ For Elevations which exceed or fall short of 45° by equal amounts, the ranges are equal “
5. Establish a relation between linear velocity and angular velocity in a uniform circular motion and explain the direction of linear velocity
6. State parallelogram law of vector addition. Show that resultant of two vectors A and B inclined at an angle θ is $R = \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 + 2AB\cos\theta}$
7. Show that $a \cdot (b \times c)$ is equal in magnitude to the volume of a parallelepiped formed by the three vectors a, b, c
8. Are the magnitude and direction of $(A - B)$ same as that of $(B - A)$
9. What is the path followed by a Javelin projected horizontally by an athlete ?
10. What is the significance of a null vector ?